VT-Sept.-11-118

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Con. 5893-11.

(2 Hours)

[Total Marks: 75

Applied Chemistry-TI MP-2530

FE Sem -TI (R.) All Branch

- N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - (2) Attempt any four from remaining six questions.
 - (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

9/12/2011

- (4) Atomic wt :- C = 12, H = 1, O = 16, S = 32, N = 14, Cl = 35.5, Ba = 137.3.
- Solve any five from the followings :-1.
 - (a) What is season cracking.
 - (b) Give composition, properties and uses of soft solders.
 - (c) A sample of coal contrains -C = 70%, O = 23%, H = 5%, S = 1.5%, N = 0.4%, ash = 0.1%. Calculate G.C.V. and N.C.V. of this fuel.
 - (d) What are fiber composites.
 - (e) What are green fuel.
 - Give significance of proximate analysis. (f)
 - Explain the direct chemical corrosion. (a)
 - 1.5 gms of sample of coal was taken in crucible for C and H estimation, by (b) combustion method. The increase in weight of tube containing CaCl2 and bulb-containing KOH, was found to be 1.25 gms and 4.88 gms. respectively. Calculate % C. and H.
 - Giving conventional and greener rout for production of adipic acid, explain related (C) green chemistry principle in this case.
 - (a) Explain method of obtaining Biodisel from vegetable oil ? Give advantages of Biodisel.
 - (b) 100 ml. of natural solution containing 0.2 gm of Cu² + ion electrolysed till entire copper was deposited. The current strength was 1.2 amperes and Volume of solution maintained at 100 ml. Assuming 100% efficiency. Calculate time taken for deposition of copper.

(At wt. of copper = 63.58).

- Explain the principle of use of safer solvent and reaction condition in green 5 (C) chemistry with suitable examples.
- Calculate weight of air needed for complete combustion of 1 kg of coal containing 4. (a) C = 72%, H = 10%, O = 9%, N = 3% and remaining being ash.
 - Describe adsorption and catalytic properties of Zeolite. (b)
 - What is powder metallurgy ? How metal powders are prepared. (C)
 - Give the functions of matrix phase in composite materials with their properties. 5 (a) 5
 - What is cracking? Explain advantages of calcalytic cracking over thermal cracking. (b)
 - The composition of gas was found to be $H_2 = 10\%$, $CH_4 = 20\%$, $C_2 H_6 = 16\%$, (C) N = 6%, CO = 18%, CO₂ = 22%. O₂ = rest. Calculate volume of air required for 1 m³ of this gas.

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- 6. (a) Discuss the corrosion due to combination of metals of different electrode potentials.
 (b) What are ceramic powder? Explain method of manufacturing any one ceramic powder.
 - (c) Difine cetane and octane number.
- 7. (a) How does a catalyst affect establishment of equillibrium state and activation 5 energy of reaction ? Explain with necessary graph.
 - (b) Write characteristics of good fuels.
 - (c) Which are main constituents of varnishes. Write their function.

OR

Calculate the percentage atom economy for following reaction with respect of Allylcholride :-

$$CH_3 - CH = CH_2 + CI_2 \rightarrow CI - CH_2 - CH = CH_2 + HCI.$$

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